POLIPODIUM thelypteris.

Flo. Ang. 457. *Flo. Scot.* 674. *Ray Syn.* 122. *Ger. Em.* 1135. *Park.* 1041.

TAB. XXII.

MARSH POLIPODY.

THE roots are long, large, and furniſhed with innumerable long fibres, which ſpread under the ſurface, and take faſt hold of the mire in which it grows.

Firſt leaves from one to two feet in length, lance-ſhaped, broadeſt in the middle, thence gradually decreaſing upwards, and terminating in an acute point.

Second leaves from fifteen to thirty pairs, oppoſite or alternate, below more remote, upwards growing gradually nearer each other, and, near the top, running together at their baſe.

Lobes about fifteen pairs, not divided quite down to the nerve, of an oblong figure, broadeſt at the baſe, ending in an obtuſe point, and entire on the edges, loweſt pair the largeſt, thence diminiſhing to the top, where they become confluent, and loſe themſelves in the acute termination of the ſecond leaf.

Seed